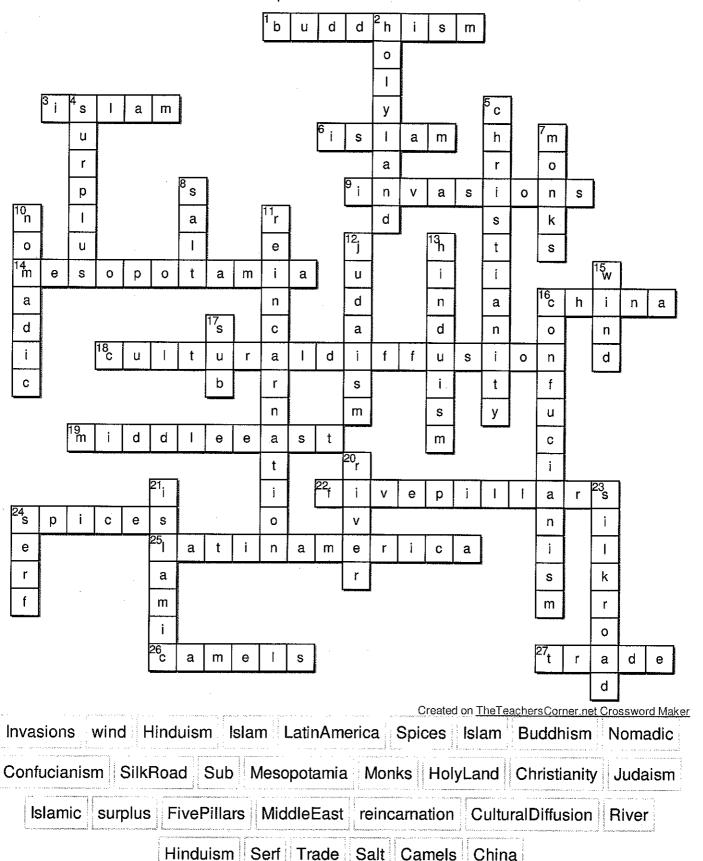
Name:			

World History Semester 1 Puzzle 1

Complete the crossword below



Across 1. This religion has as one of its goals the elimination of desire and suffering (buddhism) 3. The most recent monothiestic religion to form (islam) 6. What is the main religion in the Middle East and South East Asia? (islam) from nomadic groups 9. Because of _____ like the Hun, empires like the Western Romans, Gupta and Han fell (invasions) 14. The Tigris and Euphrates Rivers were near this ancient civilization (mesopotamia) 16. Which country had the greatest manufacturing capacity and was most advanced between 1000-1450 18. Roman elite wearing Chinese silk garments is a good example of words) (culturaldiffusion) 19. The region that includes countries like Saudi Arabia, Iraq, and Iran (2 words) (middleeast) 22. Prayer, Fasting, Pilgramage, Charity and belief in only one God are all part of the _____ of Islam (2 words) (fivepillars) 24. What trade item brought a large number of traders to Calicut, India? (spices) 25. Region that includes Central and South America (2

words) (latinamerica)

between 1000-1450 (trade)

26. Trans-Saharan trade increased with the introduction of the _____ (camels)

27. Increased _____ led to the growth of cities

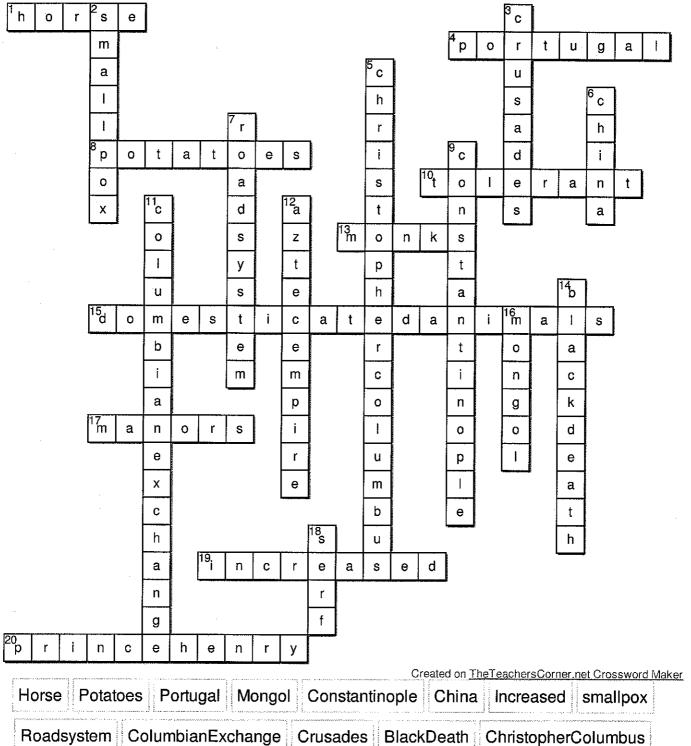
Down

2. The goal of the Christian Crusades was to retake				
the from the Muslims (2 words)				
(holyland)				
4. the increase of humans during the Neolithic				
Revolution was primarily caused by the				
of food (surplus)				
5. What religion dominates North America and Latin				
America? (christianity)				
7. People most likely to be able to read and write				
during the Dark Ages were (monks)				
8. the gold trade is most closely associated with				
the Trans-Saharan routes (salt)				
10. A lifestyle of moving from one				
place to another was NOT a trait of early civilizations				
(nomadic)				
11. Both Hinduism and Buddhism believe in				
(reincarnation)				
12. The original and oldest monothiestic religion				
(judaism)				
13. Originating in India, this religion lacks a central				
founding figure (hinduism)				
15. The Indian Ocean Trade and the Transatlantic				
Trade were similar because current and				
patterns had to be understood to navigate the trade				
routes (wind)				
16. Both Hinduism and accept				
inequality as an important part of societal and political				
order (confucianism)				
17Sarahan Africa is the area south, or below, the				
Saraha Desert in Africa (sub)				
20. Early civilizations developed near				
valleys (river)				
21. The Empire was able to remain a				
strong empire because they traded extensively and				
the contract of the contract o				
embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other				
embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other cultures (islamic)				
embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other cultures (islamic) 23. The land and sea routes between Europe and Asia				
embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other cultures (islamic) 23. The land and sea routes between Europe and Asia were known as the (2 words)				
embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other cultures (islamic) 23. The land and sea routes between Europe and Asia were known as the (2 words) (silkroad)				
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embraced the artistic and scientific traditions of other cultures (islamic) 23. The land and sea routes between Europe and Asia were known as the (2 words) (silkroad)				

Name:

World History Semester 1 Puzzle 2

Complete the crossword below



Roadsystem ColumbianExchange Crusades BlackDeath ChristopherColumbus Domesticatedanimals AztecEmpire PrinceHenry Manors Tolerant Monks Serf

Across

- **1.** Brought to the Americas by Europeans in the Columbian Exchange, originally native to the Americas (**horse**)
- **4.** This European country lead exploration of the West African coast. (**portugal**)
- **8.** Most important new food introduced into Europe by the Columbian Exchange (**potatoes**)
- **10.** How the Mongols treated people they conquered. **(tolerant)**
- 13. Most literal social group in Dark Ages (monks)
- **15.** Empires of the Americas were able to construct monumental structure without this.

(domesticatedanimals)

- **17.** Feudal Europe, Self-Sufficient economic communities (**manors**)
- **19.** What happened to populations of Europe as a result of the Columbian Exchange (**increased**)
- **20.** Portuguese leader of the Age of European Exploration Known as 'The Navigator' (**princehenry**)

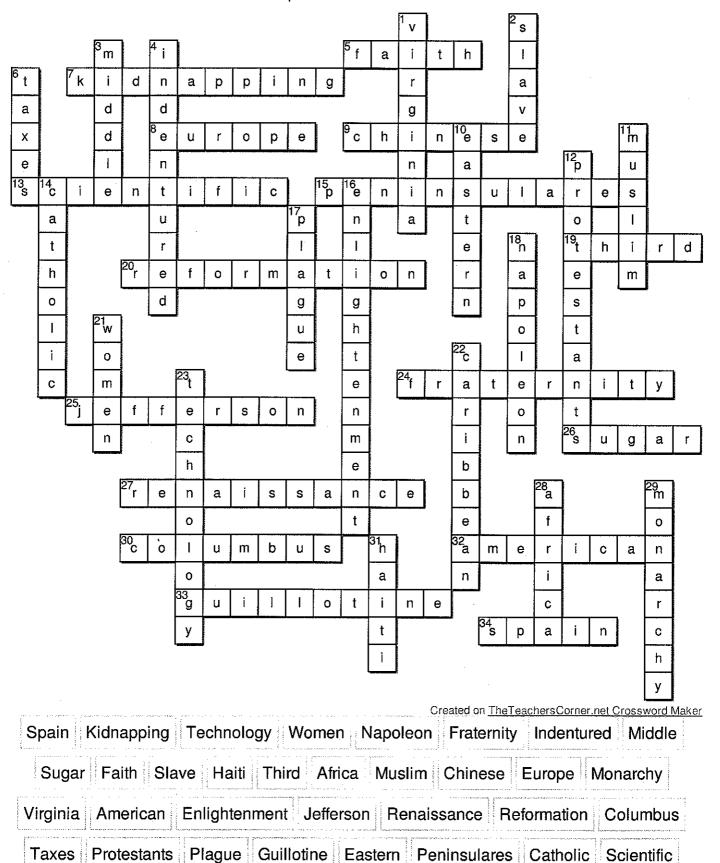
<u>Down</u>

- 2. Primary disease introduced to the Americas and caused about 90% of native population to die. (smallpox)
- **3.** Goal was to retake the Holy Land from Muslims (**crusades**)
- **5.** The Fall of Constantinople created economic motives for this explorer (**christophercolumbus**)
- 6. Origin of the Black Death (china)
- 7. Inca and Roman Empires were similar because of the development of this. (roadsystem)
- **9.** Capital of the Eastern Roman Empire (**constantinople**)
- 11. Exchange of Diseases, Plants, and Animals between Europe and the Americas during the 1500s (columbianexchange)
- **12.** The empire the Spanish defeated because they formed military alliances (aztecempire)
- **14.** Because of this event in the 1340s more land was available and peasants wages increased (**blackdeath**)
- **16.** Empire that promoted trade along the Silk Road in the 1200s (**mongol**)
- 18. agricultural laborer tied to an estate (serf)

Name:

World History Semester 1 Puzzle 3

Complete the crossword below



Caribbean

Across

5. Martin Luther differed from the Catholic Church
when he argued that the only way to get into heaven
was by alone, rather than by good works (faith)
7. Africans supported the slave trade by raiding the
interior and their enemies, marching them to
the coast and selling them to Europeans.
(kidnapping)
8. What continent referred to the Middle Ages as the
'Dark Ages' because they were much less advanced
than the rest of the world? (europe)
9 ships were much larger than European ships
and sailed in the Indian Ocean prior to the arrival of the
Portuguese. (chinese)
13. In the Revolution, scientists used reason and
observation, rather than religion, to understand nature
(scientific)
15. Spain placed in charge of their colonial
governments and allowed them to abuse power and
anger Creoles (peninsulares)
19. When the French government went bankrupt, they
asked the Estate to pay more taxes. (third)
20. The widespread belief that the Catholic Church
was corrupt contributed to the
(reformation)
24. Liberty, Equality and became the motto of
the French Revolution (fraternity)
25. The Haitian Revolution scared American slave
owners like President, because they feared a
similar revolt could occur in the U.S. (jefferson)
26. Most of the slaves imported into the New World
were put to work on plantations. (sugar)
27. Rich urban merchants provided money for artists
and helped the begin in Italy (renaissance)
30. Who sailed the 'ocean blue' in 1492 CE?
(columbus)
32. The Revolution helped cause the French
Revolution because the French went bankrupt trying to
help finance it. (american)
33. The French Revolution became extremely bloody
when the was used for mass executions
(guillotine)
34. When Napoleon invaded, it allowed the Latin
American colonies to rebel and begin their revolutions.
(spain)

<u>Down</u>

1. In most plantations, the work was so deadly that			
slaves needed to be imported in large numbers to			
replace those who died. This wasn't the case in the			
English colonies of and South Carolina			
(virginia)			
2. The trade expanded because of the			
Columbian Exchange and the increased production of			
sugar (slave)			
3. Long-distance trade, like the Silk Road, Indian			
Ocean and Trans-Saharan trade systems grew during			
the Ages. (middle)			
4. An agreement to work for some years in exchange			
for passage to the New World was known as			
labor. (indentured)			
6. Both the American and French revolutions were			
caused by harsh (taxes)			
10. After the fall of Rome in 476 CE, the half of			
the empire continued to prosper, thank in part to the			
trade hub of Constantinople. (eastern)			
11. Thanks to the world, Greek and Roman texts			
were re-introduced in Europe, helping to launch the			
Renaissance (muslim)			
12. Christians who broke from the Catholic Church			
became known as (protestants)			
14. Although the Reformation weakened the			
Church, it did not destroy it. (catholic)			
16. During the period, John Locke promoted the			
idea of natural rights like life, liberty and property			
(enlightenment)			
17. The bubonic helped bring about the downfall			
of feudalism because it created a shortage of workers,			
giving the surviving commoners more bargaining power			
(plague)			
18 helped spread the ideas of the French			
Revolution by encouraging religious toleration			
throughout Europe. (napoleon)			
21. One of the limitations of the Enlightenment was			
that it did not advocate strongly for the rights of			
(women)			
22. Most African slaves were transported to the			
islands and Brazil. (caribbean)			
23. The Portuguese couldn't sail into the Indian Ocean			
until the 1500s because the lacked the necessary			
to sail around Africa. (technology)			
28. The 'Old World' consisted of Europe, Asia and			
(africa)			
29. Enlightenment philosophy was a threat to,			
because it advocated for individual rights and liberty.			
(monarchy)			
31. On which island did the only successful slave			
rebellion occur in the Western Hemisphere? (haiti)			